Q. —did your legs up badly?

President Bush. No. Talked to the policeman last night. He's doing fine. I'm less worried about myself and more worried about him. It just goes to show that I should act my age. [Laughter]

Q. Were you wearing a helmet?President Bush. Absolutely.Q. Did you crash into his bike?

President Bush. No, no, he was standing. I hit slick pavement. I was—we were flying coming in. And by the way, when you ride hard on a mountain bike, sometimes you fall. Otherwise—otherwise, you're not riding hard. And it was at the end of a good hour ride. The pavement was slick, and the bike came out from underneath me—just like that—just like that person on the Tour de France the other day. He's a lot better bike rider than I am, but—[laughter]—that other American.

Q. It's something to do when you retire—

President Bush. I don't think so. I think I'm—I think I found my limitations. But, I can't—for those of you who like to mountain bike, I would strongly suggest getting out in this beautiful countryside. It is a spectacular part of the world. Just be careful on the finish. [Laughter]

NOTE: The President spoke at 8:39 a.m. at the Gleneagles Hotel. In his remarks, he referred to James D. Wolfensohn, Quartet Special Envoy for Gaza Disengagement; and Prime Minister Junichiro Koizumi of Japan. Prime Minister Blair referred to President Hu Jintao of China. A tape was not available for verification of the content of these remarks.

Remarks on the Terrorist Attacks in London From Auchterarder, Scotland

July 7, 2005

I spent some time recently with the Prime Minister, Tony Blair, and had an opportunity to express our heartfelt condolences to the people of London, people who lost lives. I appreciate Prime Minister Blair's steadfast determination and his strength. He's on his way now to London here from the G–8 to

speak directly to the people of London. He'll carry a message of solidarity with him.

This morning I have been in contact with our Homeland Security folks. I instructed them to be in touch with local and State officials about the facts of what took place here and in London and to be extra vigilant as our folks start heading to work.

The contrast between what we've seen on the TV screens here, what's taken place in London and what's taking place here, is incredibly vivid to me. On the one hand, we have people here who are working to alleviate poverty, to help rid the world of the pandemic of AIDS, working on ways to have a clean environment, and on the other hand, you've got people killing innocent people. And the contrast couldn't be clearer between the intentions and the hearts of those of us who care deeply about human rights and human liberty, and those who kill—those who have got such evil in their heart that they will take the lives of innocent folks.

The war on terror goes on. I was most impressed by the resolve of all the leaders in the room. Their resolve is as strong as my resolve, and that is we will not yield to these people, will not yield to the terrorists. We will find them. We will bring them to justice, and at the same time, we will spread an ideology of hope and compassion that will overwhelm their ideology of hate.

Thank you very much.

NOTE: The President spoke at 1:30 p.m. at the Gleneagles Hotel. In his remarks, he referred to Prime Minister Tony Blair of the United Kingdom. The Office of the Press Secretary also released a Spanish language transcript of these remarks.

Digest of Other White House Announcements

The following list includes the President's public schedule and other items of general interest announced by the Office of the Press Secretary and not included elsewhere in this issue.

July 2

In the morning, at Camp David, MD, the President had an intelligence briefing.

July 3

In the afternoon, the President and Mrs. Bush returned to Washington, DC.

July 4

In the morning, the President had an intelligence briefing. Later, he traveled to Morgantown, WV, where, upon arrival, he met with USA Freedom Corps volunteer Chuck White III. Later, he returned to Washington, DC.

In the afternoon, on the White House balcony, the President and Mrs. Bush participated in a celebration for his upcoming birthday.

In the evening, the President and Mrs. Bush viewed the Independence Day fireworks display on the National Mall from the White House.

July 5

In the morning, the President and Mrs. Bush traveled to Kastrup, Denmark. While en route aboard Air Force One, he had an intelligence briefing and reviewed material concerning potential nominees for the U.S. Supreme Court. Later, he had a briefing on his visit to Europe.

Later in the day, upon arrival in Kastrup, while aboard Air Force One, the President met with Prime Minister Anders Fogh Rasmussen of Denmark. Later, he and Mrs. Bush traveled to Fredensborg, Denmark, where, at Fredensborg Palace, they participated in a greeting with Queen Margrethe II and Prince Consort Henrik of Denmark.

July 6

In the morning, the President had an intelligence briefing. Later, he and Mrs. Bush traveled to Marienborg, Denmark, where they had breakfast with Prime Minister Anders Fogh Rasmussen of Denmark and his wife, Anne-Mette Rasmussen. Later, he had a meeting with Prime Minister Rasmussen.

Later in the morning, the President and Mrs. Bush traveled to Fredensborg, Denmark, where, at Fredensborg Palace, they participated in a reception followed by a lunch with Queen Margrethe II and Prince Consort Henrik of Denmark.

In the afternoon, the President and Mrs. Bush traveled to Copenhagen, Denmark, where they participated in a greeting with U.S. Embassy personnel. Later, he and Mrs. Bush traveled to Prestwick, Scotland, where, upon arrival, they participated in an arrival ceremony with First Minister Jack McConnell of Scotland. Later, they traveled to Auchterarder, Scotland.

Later in the afternoon, at the Gleneagles Hotel, the President and Mrs. Bush had a meeting with musicians and activists Bob Geldof and Bono to discuss international aid to Africa.

In the evening, at the Gleneagles Hotel, the President participated in a photo opportunity with Queen Elizabeth II of the United Kingdom. Later, he and Mrs. Bush and G-8 leaders had a dinner reception hosted by the Queen and Duke Philip of Edinburgh.

The White House announced that the President will welcome Prime Minister Shaukat Aziz of Pakistan to the White House on July 29.

The President announced his designation of Gordon H. Mansfield and Michael W. Marine as members of the Presidential delegation to attend the 10th Anniversary of the Normalization of U.S.-Vietnam Relations in Hanoi, Vietnam, on July 12.

The President declared a major disaster in Idaho and ordered Federal aid to supplement State and local recovery efforts in the area impacted by heavy rains and flooding on May 6–20.

July 7

In the morning, the President had an intelligence briefing. Later, at the Gleneagles Hotel, he had a working breakfast with Prime Minister Tony Blair of the United Kingdom. Later, he participated in G–8 summit meetings.

Later in the morning, the President had a briefing on the terrorist attacks in London, England. He then had a video conference with his national and homeland security advisers. In the afternoon, at the Gleneagles Hotel, the President participated in a photo opportunity with G–8 leaders and leaders of emerging economies. Later, they had lunch.

Later in the afternoon, at the Gleneagles Hotel, the President participated in an official photo with G–8 leaders followed by G–8 summit meetings.

In the evening, at the Gleneagles Hotel, the President had a working dinner with G– 8 leaders to discuss counterterrorism efforts, weapons of mass destruction, the situations in North Korea and Iran, and regional issues.

July 8

In the morning, the President had an intelligence briefing. Later, at the Gleneagles Hotel, he met with Prime Minister Tony Blair of the United Kingdom.

Later in the morning, at the Gleneagles Hotel, the President participated in G–8 summit meetings.

In the afternoon, at the Gleneagles Hotel, the President participated in a photo opportunity with G–8 leaders and African leaders. Later, they had a working lunch.

Later in the afternoon, the President returned to Washington, DC, arriving in the evening.

The White House announced that the President will welcome President Elias Antonio Saca Gonzalez of El Salvador to the White House on July 15.

The President announced his designation of the following individuals as members of the Presidential delegation to attend the 10th Anniversary of the Srebrenica Massacre in Bosnia and Herzegovina to be held on July 11: Pierre-Richard Prosper (head of delegation); Douglas L. McElhaney; and Richard C. Holbrooke.

Nominations Submitted to the Senate

NOTE: No nominations were submitted to the Senate during the period covered by this issue.

Checklist of White House Press Releases

The following list contains releases of the Office of the Press Secretary that are neither printed as items nor covered by entries in the Digest of Other White House Announcements.

Released July 5

Transcript of a press gaggle by Press Secretary Scott McClellan and National Security Adviser Stephen J. Hadley

Statement by the Press Secretary: Cape Verde becoming the second African country to sign a Compact with the Millennium Challenge Corporation

Released July 6

Transcript of a press gaggle by Press Secretary Scott McClellan and Deputy National Security Adviser Faryar Shirzad

Statement by the Press Secretary: Visit of Prime Minister Shaukat Aziz of Pakistan

Statement by the Press Secretary on disaster assistance to Idaho

Released July 7

Transcript of a press gaggle by Press Secretary Scott McClellan

Transcript of a press briefing by Deputy National Security Adviser Faryar Shirzad on the G–8 Meetings

Released July 8

Transcript of a press gaggle by Press Secretary Scott McClellan and Deputy National Security Adviser Faryar Shirzad

Statement by the Press Secretary: Visit of President Saca of El Salvador

Statement by the Press Secretary: Condemnation of the Murder of Egypt's Chief of Mission to Iraq

Fact sheet: Accomplishments at the G–8 Summit

Fact sheet: Action on Climate Change, Energy and Sustainable Development

Fact sheet: United States and G–8 Renew Strong Commitment to Africa